SONS OF MARYLAND

Terrors of War Brought Close Home Constitutionalists Here Urge Him to to Residents of National

Capital.

Many Other Men From Neighboring State Are With Forces at the Front.

Dangers of war have been brought in reality to many near neighbors Washington. Among those wounded in the first three days of fighting are three Maryland boys, and there are many others in service at Vera Cruz.

Ensign Paul Augustus Stevens, reported by Admiral Badger to have been one those injured, is the first officer to have been wounded in any of the skirmishing. He was born in Maryland February 22, 1899, was appointed to the Naval Academy July 1, 1909, from Delaware

ed in the capture of Vera Cruz, is a native of Crisfield. He is a son of the late Louis W. Christy and is twenty years remain quiet if "properly treated."

He enlisted in the navy in 1912 in Baltimore. While at home on furlough last year he married Miss Mary Coleman, daughter of Joseph Coleman. With her infant son Mrs. Christy lives with her parents in Crisfield.

Mrs. Christy was informed by the Navy Department that her husband, had been wounded, but the dispatch did not state whether severely or not. She was told that the department would keep her informed of his condition.

Hears Son Is Wounded.

William H. Rickerds, West South street, Frederick has been notified that his son, Imer Guy Rickerds, first-class elecon the Utah, had been wounded in the battle of Vera Cruz.

in the battle of Vera Cruz.

The father. eighty-six years old and partly blind, wept when he received the news. Wiping away his tears, he said:

"My boy is fighting for a glorious cause and it is the fortunes of war to be shot." Rickerds is twenty-seven years old and is serving his fourth enlistment in the navy. He went to the public school until fourteen, when he obtained a clerkship in a local store. He frequently expressed a desire to join the navy. His parents endeavored to disabuse his mind of the notion, but when sixteen years old he secured their consent and went to Philadelphia and en isted.

He was sent to a training school in Newport, R. I., and six months later was assigned to the Monongahela, an apprentice ship. He was transferred in succession to the Minneapolis, Vermont and Utah. He was promoted several times and finally became first-class electrician. Last April he spent a month at home on furfough. He has received a m.dal for good conduct.

Washington they would never come to the appure of Vera Cruz and would resist invasion they would never come to the appure of Vera Cruz and would resist invasion they would never come to the assistance of Huerta troops. Washington officials believe other messages have been exchanged in interior points between the federal and constitutionalist forces. They regarded as of the utmost importance Gen. Obregon's declaration to Tellez, in which he said:

"Should you be attacked by the American boat now in the harbor of Guaymas and defeated—as you always are—we will allow you to retreat, but hold you as prisoners until we receive instructions from Gen. Carranza as to disposition."

The American government is receiving much information along this line from the border.

Wrote Regularly to Mother.

Since entering the navy he wrote to his other once a month, sending her remit nces from his salary and telling her of his travels around the world. died last February and his letters have since been to his father.

"I feel anxious," said this father, "be-ause he is my youngest boy." About a dozen other Frederick men are in the vessels which are now in Mexican

waters.

James Hatch, son of Mr. and Mrs.

James Hatch of 1004 Clifton place, Baltimore, saw real service before Vera Cruz
on the United States cruiser Prairie, on
which he is a gun pointer. He is only
twenty-three years old and is serving his
second enlistment in the navy.

He first enlisted in November, 1909, in
Baltimore and was honorably discharged
in June, 1913. Last November he re-enlisted and was assigned to the Prairie. ine, 1913. Last November he re-en-l and was assigned to the Prairie, ing his first enlistment he served on Des Moines, Birmingham and Dakota, seaman and was a member of the ball teams of the Des Moines and

ingham.

Ing Hatch always expressed a deto join the navy and when he finally
mined to go his parents did not obOnly last week he sent a letter to
tome in Baltimore in which he said
was plenty of fighting where he

Five Maryland Officers.

Five Marylanders are among the officers of the troops that have been ordered from Galveston to Vera Cruz, under the command of Brig. Gen. Frederick Funston. They are: Col. Edward H. Plummer,

mand of the 28th Infantry. Col. Millard S. Waltz, in command of the 19th Infantry. First Lieut. Allen C. McBride, Field

Artillery.
First Lieut, Charles P. Hollingsworth,

flotilia of destroyers came only recently.

Commander Stirling is not new to warfare. He commanded a river gunboat during the Philippine insurrection and during the war with Spain served on the Dolphin in the Cuban naval campaign. He has cruised around the world and his record has won him distinction in naval circles.

HEROISM AT VERA CRUZ.

Mr. Sabath's Tribute to Jewish Boys

in American Army. Representative Sabath of Illinois paid a tribute to the Jewish boys who distinguished themselves at Vera Cruz, in a re-

cent speech in the House. He spoke particularly of Samuel Meisname of Samuel Martine, one of the first four Americans to die in the skirmish

at Vera Cruz.

"This is not the first time in history," he said, "that the Jewish people and the foreign-born citizens have demonstrated they are willing and ready to take up arms in the cause of the land of their adoption."

He read also the narses of L. O. Friede, Frank Drovak, H. J. Kaplan, W. Powkowski, H. E. Boyle, Louis Kwapich, M. Pitzgeraid and Harry Reed of his district in Illinois, who were wounded at Vera Cruz.

OFFER FROM ROOSEVELT.

Reported Colonel Would Raise Cavalry Regiment for Invasion.

It was reported today that Col. heodore Roosevelt has requested Maj Theodore Roosevelt has requested Maj. Gen. Wood to present to Presjdent Wilson his application to raise a regiment of cavalry to invade Mexico, should an invasion be made. The report was not confirmed.

He spoke particularly of Samuel Meisfered his services in writing for a similar purpose to President Taft. President Taft in reply, thanked Col. Roosevelt, but expressed the hope that such a drastic measure would not be necessary.

The offer to President Taft was made just before the political split betwen the two men, the volunteer writing to the President as "Dear Will" and the President as "Dear Will" and the President addressing his reply to "Dear Theo-

GEN. CARRANZA ADVISED AMONG THE WOUNDED NOT TO MIX IN TROUBLE

Maintain Neutral Attitude Toward United States.

After a conference at the State Department with Secretary Bryan, representatives of the constitutionalists here late yesterday telegraphed Gen. Carrange, advising that he maintain a neutral attitude toward the United States in its difficulty with the Huerta gov-

The message to Gen. Carranza, if was reply of the United States to his note of several days ago protesting against the occupation of Vera Cruz.

the occupation of Vera Cruz.

The constitutionalists in the conference were assured that no offensive movement from Vera Cruz was contemplated by the United States, and that as soon as reparation and amends could be forced from the Huerta faction the customhouse in that city would be turned back to authorities duly constituted to receive it.

Representative Kent of California took to the White House today a telegram from a friend in E' Paso whom he described as well informed, stating that in his opinion the constitutionalists would remain quiet if "properly treated."

Hostility of Factions Revealed.

High officials of the administration who were confident that the constitu tionalists would remain neutral in th present situation pointed to the correspondence between Gen. Joaquin Tellez, commander of the federal forces at Guaymas, and Gen. Obregon, commanding the constitutionalists at Culiacan, 'as a concrete evidence of the hos-

tility of the two factions.

The federal general had asked Obregon to join with him againse the United States, but Obregon replied that Huerta was deliberately provoking a foreign war and that while the constitutionalists themselves protested against the

CHARGE O'SHAUGHNESSY ARRIVES AT VERA CRUZ

Accompanied by Family and Staff. Consul General Shanklin

Also on Train.



ARNOLD SHANKLIN.

Nelson O'Shaughnessy. American

First Lieut, Charles P. Hollingsworth,
Field Artillery.

Second Lieut Edward H. Bertram.

The Infantry.

Commander Yates Stirling, jr., in command of a flotilla of torpedo boat destroyers ordered to proceed to Mexico, and Lieut. Archibald G. Stirling, on the United States battleship Utah, in Mexican waters, are two of the Baltimore men who will be in the thick of the fight, if prolonged war comes. Both are sons of Rear Admiral Yates Stirling, retired, who lives at 209 West Lanvale street, Baltimore.

Lieut. Stirling went with the batter was ordered to the gulf. His brother's instructions to proceed in charge of the flottilla of destroyers came only very recently.

Commander Yates Stirling, jr., in charge at Mexico City, his family and staff, and Consul General Shanklin and his staff, arrived in Vera Cruz from the Mexican capital last night. Under date of 6:39 p.m., Rear Admiral Fletcher, at Vera Cruz, reported to the Navy Department:

"Upon telegraphic request of Charge d'Affaires O'Shaughnessy, American charge at Mexico City, his family and staff, and Consul General Shanklin and his staff, arrived in Vera Cruz from the Mexican capital last night. Under date of 6:39 p.m., Rear Admiral Fletcher, at Vera Cruz, reported to the Navy Department:

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"Upon telegraphic request of Charge d'Affaires O'Shaughnessy, the train left here at 3 o'clock conveying Capt. Huse, Lieut. Fletcher and Ensign P. Todd. to me

'Others on the Train.

"On the other side of the breach in the track was a train from Mexico City conveying Charge d'Affaires O'Shaughnessy and others, as follows: "Mrs. O'Shaughnessy, child and maid,

Capt. Burnside, Lieut, Rowan, Mr. and Mrs. Parker, Mr. McKenna, Consul General Shanklin and staff. "The train was in charge of chief of staff Gen. Corona, two aids and an escort of about fifty odd troops.
"The transfer of passengers was effected with some formalities. Greetings exchanged between the chiefs of staff. Both sides carried flags of truce.

Mexicans Free to Leave.

"The rumor has reached Mexico City that no Mexicans were allowed to leave Vera Cruz, and it was reported that in consequence Huerta would not Mexico City. Mexicans in Vera Cruz have been allowed to leave at will, and every facility and transportation available has been given, but none have been able to go out on trains. Capt. Huse was directed to lay em phasis on this fact, and to express strong desire to send daily trains to convey Mexicans from Vera Cruz to meet trains bringing foreigners from Mexico City. Gen. Corona promised to bring it to the attention of Huerta."

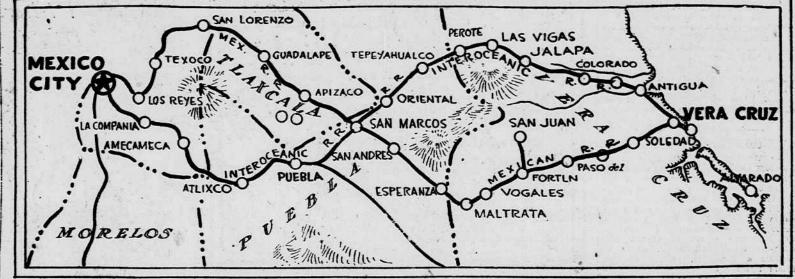
WIRELESS FOR VERA CRUZ.

Powerful United States Army Outfit Ready for Shipment to Mexico. NEW YORK, April 25.-A powerful

wireless outfit, said to be the largest ever nstructed for use of an army in the field, is packed and ready for shipment at Bedloe's Island. Orders are expected rom Washington to forward the outfit to

The set was constructed by Signal Corps men, and was originally intended or use in Alaska. It has a steel mast 200 feet high and five feet in diameter at ts base. Its estimated radius is from 1.500 to 3.000 miles, and if set up at Veracuz, it will be able to hold communication with the great aerial station at Artington, Va.

MAP SHOWING RAILROAD ROUTES FROM VERA CRUZ TO MEXICO CITY.



REFUGEES FROM MEXICO ARRIVE AT EL PASO, TEX.

Practically All the Americans Out of Chihuahua, Leaving Millions Behind.

EL PASO, Tex., April 25.-With the ar rival here today of ninetyseven American men, women and children, refugees from Madera, and twelve picked up by the been leaving the country since the Tampico 'neident are now practically all

out of the state of Chihuahua.

The remnant in the city of Chihuahua, with the exception of a few who are determined to remain to the last, will leave tomorrow on the regular train. At Naco Douglas and Nogales on the Arizona-Mexico border they are arriving by the hundreds every day, and the state of Sonora, save in isolated ranches and camps not yet reached by warnings, is now practically denuded of them.

Leave Property Worth Millions.

After four years of revolution practi cally every American in northern Mexco is now a refugee, and property worth many millions of dollars in mines ranches, factories and other industries has been left behind.

Many of these industries have remain Many of these industries have remain-ed operative partially, at least, through every difficulty and discouragement of robbery taxation, uncertain communica-tions and even personal danger of em-ployes, but almost the last one of those Americans who built and maintained them has been driven out by the develop-ments of the affair at Tampico.

Pathetic Incident.

W. W. Grubbs of Madera, where the great sawmilis have persistently but on constantly diminished scale manufactured their output, related a pathetic neident of the departure of the Americans from that city.

cans from that city.

"The closing of the mills meant much to us," he said, "but I guess it meant more to the thousands of Mexicans employed there. There was a big crowd of them at the station when we went away, and some fairly begged us to stay. I don't know what will become of them, now that their employment is gone. It was a said scene, and we didn't have an enemy in the crowd. In fact, through the whole trip we encountered nothing ne whole trip we encountered nothing ut courtesy, and not a sign of enmity."

Third United States Cavalry Anxious

at its Performance of 1847

This was Gen. Scott's former command, and he declared that he had done much while he was head of that regiment to inspire the men with the desire which was expressed in today's

PUBLIC OPINION IN CHILE REPORTED AGAINST U. S.

Press Declares the War in Mexico Is the Result of Want of Common Sense

VALPARAISO, Chile, April 25.—Public opinion here is bitter against the United States as a result of the Mexican crisis. In an editorial the Union asks

want of common sense and of the revo-lutions in Mexico. The proceedings of Cruz some time Monday. the United States are not justified. That country cannot be the judge of foreign civil wars, and ought to have limited its protection to its nationals and its frontiers. The war against Huerta offends the Mexican The conflict will end, as on other occasions, in a new dismemberment o Mexico. The punishment is out of pro-

in the same condition of perfect equality as other nations, and are not subject to and never will accept foreign interference.

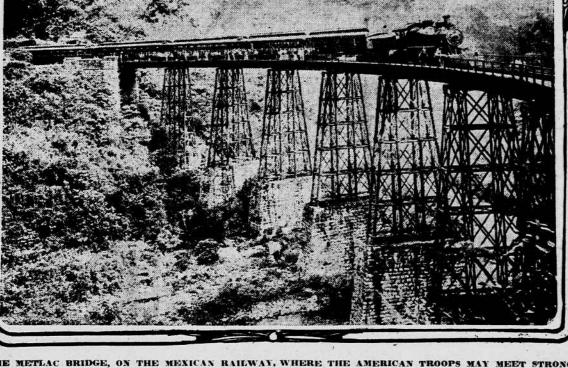
INSULTS CAUSE BATTLE. Gen. Caballero Fights to Avenge At-

tacks on Americans at Tampico. BROWNSVILLE, Tex., April 25 .- The ollowing report signed by Gen. Caballero, rebel commander at Tampico, to utionalist headquarters at Matanoras, under date of the 24th, was

out here today: "Having come to my notice that the federals in Tampico were offering further insults to Americans, I immediately reopened my attack at 4 o'clock this morning, and already have captured the cemetery, where strong federal forces resisted. Expect triumph by night."

No Action by the Japanese.

TOKIO, Japan. April 25.-The Japanese emler today authorized the statement that "Japan has no intention whatsoever of utilizing the present trouble between the United States and Mexico to secure from the United States a satisfactory set-tlement of the California difficulty."



THE METLAC BRIDGE, ON THE MEXICAN RAILWAY, WHERE THE AMERICAN TROOPS MAY MEET STRONG RESISTANCE IF ORDERED TO MEXICO CITY.

RICH MEXICAN IS VICTIM OF U. S. SHARPSHOOTERS

Always Professed Friendship for Americans, But Is Wounded After Suspicious Actions.

VERA CRUZ, April 25.-Cristation Martinez, a wealthy Mexican who always had declared his great friendship for can, escaped perhaps a more humiliating result of a wound received during the Martinez was in a house from which

ersistent sniping operations were carried on. It was suspected that he was the author of the shooting. He was watched and warned. Finally he was detected on newspaper. From time to time the ly with a detonation. This evidence was regarded as so convincing that Martinez was shooting that he became a mark for the American sharpshooters.

of 1847.

A steel-jacketed bullet then buried itself in him. The wound it made was a serious one, but the friends of Martinez inside the house hid him in order to prevent his arrest. This made impossible his receiving medical treatment until it was too late to save his life.

Sam Houston, in command of the 3d, to Brig. Gen. Hugh L. Scott, assistant chief of staff.

This was Gen. Scott's former command, and he declared that he had A steel-jacketed bullet then buried it-self in him. The wound it made was

covery and arrest. She sailed for Galves-ton on the Esperanza not knowing of his death.

PART OF FIFTH BRIGADE SAILS.

Four Regiments, Compirsing 3,400 Men, Leave Galveston for Vera Cruz. GALVESTON, Tex., April 25.-Twenty

Army, four regiments of infantry, 3,400 chine guns, sailed for Vera Cruz late

if there is any international morality, and continues:

"The war in Mexico is the result of a inforced, commanded by Brig. Gen. Fred-

BOUND FOR MEXICAN WATERS. Scout Cruiser Salem, Fast Navy Aid, Under Orders.

PHILADELPHIA, April 25,-The scou cruiser Salem, one of the fastest vessels in the navy, is expected to leave the portion to the offense—the incident at Philadelphia navy yard this afternoon for Tampico—and is a threat against the rest of America."

The Mercurio says it is astonished at the excessive importance attached to the Monroe doctrine in Europe. It adds that the Latin American republics are in the same condition of perfect equality as other nations, and are not sub-

The destination of the Salem is said to be Tampico. The cruiser will carry a crew of 350 men and 76 marines. A number of officers who have been or dered to join Admiral Badger's fleet at Vera Cruz will sail on the Salem. At Tampico, it is said, a torpedo boat will The Salem is not expected to remain long at Tampico, but will join the fleet at Vera Cruz, because Admiral Badger may find it necessary to use her powerful wireless outfit. carry these officers to Vera Cruz.

PLANTER REPORTED ARRESTED American Not Heard From for Some Time Is Omaha Man.

OMAHA, Neb., April 25.-F. W. Lehme of Omaha, reported arrested by Mexican federal authorities, is owner of a small sugar plantation near El Hulo, 125 miles southwest of Vera Cruz. He also is gen eral manager of a large plantation near that place owned by Englishmen. Mr. Lehmer is thirty-two years old and has spent most of his time in Mexico for the last five years. His brother. Phillip Lehmer, said today that he had not heard from him for some time.

MAJ. RUSSELL TO HEAD BATTALION OF MARINES

Among the Washingtonians Now Pushing to Vera Cruz on Morro Castle.



MAJ. J. H. RUSSELL.

Mai, John H. Russell, U. S. M. C., who sailed Thursday on the Morro Castle for were received from Washington, the ex- Vera Cruz, is one of the Washingtonians peditionary force of the United States asked to move against the Mexicans. He is a son of the late Admiral Russell, who

> Until recently Maj. Russell was in faileth to help those who trust in thee, king, he coming to this city to take an assignment at the Navy Department of-

IN MEXICAN WATERS Location of American ships in

Mexican waters, as announced by Tampico: Connecticut Des Moines Cyclops Warrington Patterson Burrows Fanning Jarvis

Jouett Dixie Birmingham Florida Minnesota Arkansas New Jersey South Carolin Louisiana Chester Vermont New Hampshire. Michigan \ Prairie San Francisco Hancock

(charter'd

Salina Cruz: Annapolis (en route from Acapulco) Denver (en route from Corinto) Masatlan: California Raleigh Topolobampo Yorktown

Guaymas: New Orleans (en route

PRECAUTIONS ARE TAKEN FOR CANAL PROTECTION

Col. Goethals Issues Orders Placing Zone on Strict War Footing. Gatun Locks Patrol.

PANAMA, April 25.-Col. George W. Goethals, Governor of the Panama Zone, vesterday issued orders placing the Ca nal Zone on a strict war footing. He instructed Maj. Gerhardt, commanding the 10th Infantry, to send two companie of infantry to patrol the Gatun locks and one each for duty at Miraflores and Pedro Miguel locks. The soldiers were given 100 rounds of ammunition each and will camp near the locks.

The operating machinery of all locks will be securely locked and keys placed in the possession of Goethals. octnais.

It is understood coast artillery com-naises will be distributed among forti-ications at both ends of the canal.

Col Goethals' action is believed to have been the result of anti-American sentiment expressed in sheets which were naking their appearance in the streets of Panama, and also shown editorially in El Diario, which is strongly pro-Mexican. There are 250 Mexican employes on the canal, and their presence probably also had something to do with the action of Col. Goethals.

Garcia Rodriguez, a Mexican resident of this city, was arrested today by the Panama authorities at the constitution of the city.

Panama authorities at the request of the Canal Zone police. He is charged with making inflammatory anti-American speeches, and probably will be deported.

ISSUES FORMAL PRAYER.

Bishop of Washington Authorizes Plea for Guidance and Peace.

A prayer for guidance for this gov ernment and peace for Mexico has been authorized by the Rt. Rev. Alfred Harding, Bishop of Washington, to be said in all churches of the diocese dur-Army, four regiments of infantry, 3,400 is a soil of the face Admirat Land and Said in all churches of the diocese durging many of them veterans of Philippine campaigns, and carrying twelve matches the American fleet which ing the present troubled times. It is a soil of the diocese durging the first Mexican as follows:

command of the legation guard at Pe-look down in mercy, we humbly beseech thee, upon this nation, and guide assignment at the Navy Department of us in our high endeavor to establish fices. When the American landing at righteous government, true peace and sinces. When the American landing at Vera Cruz became a fact Maj. Russell was at once ordered to command the 2d Battalion of the 3d Regiment of Marines there. He at once arranged to sail on the Morro Castle, which left Philadelphia, and on board of which he has as companions Dr. George Tully Vaughan and Dr. Richard M. Little of the Medical Reserve Corps and Chaplain George Livingston Bayard of the navy, who was detached from duty at the navy yard and ordered to Vera Cruz several days ago. During the past few months Maj. and Mrs. Russell have had an enjoyable time in Washington. Mrs. Russell will remain here indefinitely.

AMERICAN WARSHIPS

Was in our high endeavor to establish righteous government, true peace and lasting prosperity among the sorrely troubled people of Mexico. Give wisdom. Courage and patience to the President and his counselors and to the senators and representatives in all their undertakings. Defend our soldiers and sallors, strengthen them to fulfill their tasks bravely and wisely, and replenish them with the solace of thy holy spirit in every hour of suffering. Sustain us in times of alarm and trial, and comfort them that mourn. Deliver us, we implore thee, from the horrors of war, and bless as well the people of Mexico as of these United States with a speedy and honorable peace. We ask these things in the name and for the love of Him who sittest on the throne judging right, thy Son, our Lord and Savior, Jesus Christ, Amen."

WILL RECEIVE DONATIONS. Auxiliaries of Spanish War Veterans

to Open Headquarters. Headquarters in which to receive do nations of clothing and bed linen to be sent to the soldiers should they be called into service in Mexico will be established by Mrs. Ida M. Galloway, national chief of staff, Auxiliaries United Spanish War Veterans, and Mrs. Cora M. Campbell, department president, A. U. S. W. V., District of Columbia. Arrangements have just been completed.

Auxiliary members will be in constant attendance and are now busy preparing sewing machine operators, who will make pajamas, surgical shirts and all things necessary for hospital treatment. A call for donations of cash and sewing material will be sent out immediately should rial will be sent out immediathe men be sent to the front. iately shoul

marines, left the Norfolk navy yard at 11:30 o'clock this morning, loaded with supplies, bound for Vera Cruz. If you want work, read the want col-umns of The Star.

Off for Vera Cruz With Supplies.

NORFOLK, Va., April 25.-The U. S. 8

Vestal, repair ship and tender for sub

Attack by Mexican Federals on Symptoms of Uneasiness Over In-Their One-Time Stronghold Makes Hundreds Destitute.

LAREDO, Tex., April 25.-Smoldering Mexican border town Nuevo Laredo and

Excitement occasioned when the Mexi-cans began firing across the interna-resentatives here have been in receipt of tional line and their sharp interchanges with the United. States border patrol on that point and there has been more or subsided quickly when the federals retreated, but left a strong feeling of uneasiness in its wake. All night a reintraction of the strong feeling of uneasiness in its wake. All night a reintraction of the strong feeling of uneasiness in its wake. All night a reintraction of the strong feeling of uneasiness in its wake. forced patrol, aided by citizen voluneers, guarded the river front, and heavy guards were maintained at the two in-ternational bridges. It was feared other attempts to dynamite this means of com-munication between the two countries would be made.

Attempt to Destroy Bridges.

Two Mexicans were shot yesterday in attempting to destroy the bridges. Some of the more nervous citizens fear another visit of the federals to attack Laredo itself, but army officials, though every precaution is being taken, believe there is no danger. There was no further trouble during the night

It was definitely ascertained today that the wild shooting of the Mexicans had done no damage on the American side. On the Mexican side, however, destruction was complete. Fires were still burning throughout the city today, as there is no fire-fighting appearatus available. Among the larger buildings ruined is the American consulate, which was first dynamited; the post office, the municipal building, the Concordia, Theater, the Mexican National railway shops, which in times of peace employed several hundred Americans, and the flour mill. So far as known, no lives were lost in the fire. It was definitely ascertained today that

All Classes Rallying to President Huerta, Daily Telegraph Declares.

LONDON, April 25.-Telegraphing from Mexico City Thursday, the Daily Tele of fratricidal war was forgotten; in a day the Mexican revolution ceased and the nation was blended into a unity which seems formidable. The utmost enthusiasm and devotion for President Huerta was displayed by all classes today and President Wilson's name was greeted with howls of "death to the Americans." Patriotic demonstrations are unceasing. The Indian masses whom the revolution was driving into anarchy now are offering themselves as volunteer service for active defense.

"The concentration of troops toward Vera Cruz is beginning. All rallway serv ices have been suspended and trains are being employed for the transport of troops. The stations along the line to Vera Cruz are tumultuous encampments.

Japanese Making Demonstrations.

"The Japanese residents here are mak ing great demonstrations. They cheere before the foreign office today, and the foreign minister appeared on a balcony and addressed them upon the close union between Mexico and Japan.

"A painful impression was caused by O'Shaughnessy, wife of the American charge d'affaires, at the wedding today of President Huerta's son. During the ceremony Mrs. O'Shaugnessy sat immediately beside Senora Huerta, and in the

procession had one arm of the commander of the rural guards.

"This morning when Mexico City awoke it was surprised to find the statue of George Washington on its pedestal, but at the foot of the statue of Benito Juarez, a rectional here."

GERMAN VESSEL HOLDS CARGO OF AMMUNITION

Consignment to Huerta Not Landed at Vera Cruz-U. S. Policy

The German vessel that carried the big shipment of arms, which it was feared might reach Huerta, has landed its commercial cargo, but the captain of the vessel, for reasons of his own, has not put the ammunition ashore. There has been no effort on the part of the United States forces at Vera Cruz to prevent its landing. The accepted theory here is that the ammunition was not landed because of the certainty that it would not reach the consignee if deposited in the Vers

Americans to Collect Customs, American naval officers will not interfere with the interior shipment of the

nerchandise cargoes, but will collect the customs and hold them until reparation has been made for all offenses. Mr. Daniels reiterated that no foreign Mr. Daniels reiterated that no foreign vessels would be detained by the American ships. To do so, he said, would be an act of war. Even the troops on the Mexican transports were not interfered with at sea, but were allowed to land. Those who landed were placed under guard when they got ashore, in order that they might not attack the American forces who hold the customhouse as an act of reorisal. an act of reprisal.

Moose to Emphasize Patriotism.

Patriotic songs are to be sung at all meetings of the Loyal Order of Moose.
Columbla Lodge. No. 128, during the Mexican war, according to a decision of members at a meeting Tuesday night. During the meeting word was received that four members of the United States Navy had been killed and others wounded at Vera Cruz and a motion was immediately made that the singing of American patriolic songs be substituted for the odes of the order. It was later decided to continue the singing of such songs at subsequent meetings.

More Troops at Brownsville.

BROWNSVILLE, Tex., April 25.—Two troops of United States cavalry arrived here last night from Fort Sam Houston, immediately detraining and going into camp at Fort Brown. The total military strength on the lower border now is 800

the design of the design of the sister republic of Mexico may so adjust their differences that mutual confidence may be re-established and the two nations live in peace.

"It is the belief of the society that the people of the United States desire no additions to their territory, nor do they determined to exercise power over any other territory than their own.

"The Washington Peace Society calls upon all who share the foregoing sentiments to give expression thereto, thereby sustaining the President in his difficult task and conveying a friendly assurance of good will to the citizens of our sister republic."

Coxey and 14 Men Leave Pittsburgh.

strength on the lower border now is 800

NUEVO LAREDO IS LAID U. S. STATUS IN MEXICO IN SMOLDERING RUINS DESIRED BY DIPLOMATS

definite Understanding, Especially as Regards Shipping.

Symptoms of uneasiness over the presuins in what was once the populous ent indefinite status of the relations between Mexico and the United Sta'es are nundreds of destitute refugees huddled beginning to manifest themselves in the visible reminders today of the desolation soon the attention of the State Departwrought late yesterday by Mexican fed- ment will be directed to the advisability crals, who burned and dynamited their of issuing some statement to make it one-time stronghold. inquiries from their own governments

The necessity for an exact definition of the present status is based upon the de-sire of the great trading interests of the world to know where to look for indemni-fication for the heavy losses which they will sustain through interruption of their business with Mexico. If war is formal-ly declared, or if a blockade is proclaimby declared, or if a blockade is proclaimed by the United States, which is regarded as tantamount thereto, shipowners having fair notice will start cargoes for the blockaded ports only at their own

Clearing of Situation Desired.

Reports from Vera Cruz indicate tha such treatment is being accorded to for eign shipping, at least in the case of the German steamer Ypirangia, and because that course may be extended to other ves sels it is expected that pressure will be brought to bear upon the State Depart-

mong the larger buildings ruined is the merican consulate, which was first dynadited; the post office, the municipal building, the Concordia Theater, the Mexican atlonal railway shops, which in times peace employed several hundred Americans, and the flour mill. So far as nown, no lives were lost in the fire.

MEXICO UNITED, "SAYS

A DISPATCH TO LONDON

Mericans, with the extension over it of Americans, with the extension over it of Americans, with the extension over it of the first of the American naval officers to say whether or not the cargo could be leaded. ment to clear up the situation.

FRENCH MAY HAVE CHARGE.

Formal Orders Awaited for Control

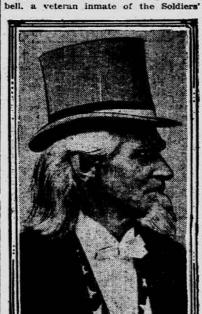
of Mexican Offices in U. S. Formal orders under which the archives and other property of the Mexican embassy here are to be turned over to the safekeeping of the French ambassado were being awaited today. Until they are received the subsecretaries of the embassy staff will remain to look after the chancellery. Then they will depart for Toronto, Canada, where they will join

Mr. Algara, former charge here. The French consul general in New York will be given general supervision of all Mexican consular offices throughout the United States. If there are any piaces where a Mexican consulate exists but no French consul the representative of som other country will be asked to look afte the interests of Mexico.

"UNCLE SAM" LATEST RECRUIT.

Veteran George Campbell, in Picturesque Attire, Wants to Enlist. "Uncle Sam" has offered his services in

ase of war with Mexico. George Camp-



GEORGE CAMPBELL. Home, arrayed in gray plug hat, black coat, cutaway vest and striped red, white and blue trousers, strolled into Washington yesterday and applied at District National Guard headquarters for a chance to carry "Old Glory" when the citizen soldiers with their relief corps invade

Mexico. Mr. Campbell made an ideal Uncle Sam. He has seen real service and is anxious to get into the fighting again in defense of national honor. His hair is snow white, he stands more than six feet in

PRESIDENT IS COMMENDED.

Efforts to Avoid War With Mexico Praised by Peace Society. President Wilson's actions in trying to avoid war with Mexico were commended

yesterday in resolutions adopted by the executive committee of the Washington Peace Society. They follow:
"The Washington Peace Society desires to convey to President Wilson and to the members of his cabinet and his advisers the assurance of deep sympathy and appreciation of his and their efforts to avert

Coxey and 14 Men Leave Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, April 25.-In the face of AUSTIN, Tex., April 25.—Thirteen companies of infantry, two troops of cavalry, a battery of field artillery and medical corps detachment of the state National Guard were ordered yesterday to mobilize at Brownsville to assist United States troops and home guards in protecting the Texas border.